

Media Roundup Issue 73 (26/05/18 - 01/06/18)

1. Australia-China relations: weathering the big chill

01/06/2018 Primrose Riordan The Australian

There is no easy fix to these tensions, especially as China's power grows and regional ambitions expand, as China experts Stephen FitzGerald and Linda Jakobson of think tank China Matters argue in a paper released this week.

They say Australia needs to accept that over the coming decades, China will not be adopting Western-style democracy, there will be no regime change, it will crack down on dissent and it will not abandon its ideas of China's place in the world. It will pursue unification with Taiwan but will harbour no military ambitions to invade Australia.

"As the PRC's power grows it will be more prone to browbeat smaller neighbours when they do not adhere to Beijing's wishes," the authors say. "It will be inclined to evade, bend or reshape generally accepted rules and norms ... The risk of corrupt practices and self-censorship creeping into our society will likely increase."

Read more (Paywall):

https://www.theaustralian.com.au/news/inquirer/australiachina-relations-weathering-the-big-chill/news-story/670ca0a8d3449026765a3342c9964138

2. China, Australia kiss and make up but things will never be the same

26/05/18 John Power South China Morning Post

When Julie Bishop emerged from talks with her Chinese counterpart Wang Yi in Buenos Aires this week, the top Australian diplomat described their discussions in glowing terms.



"We certainly had a very warm and positive meeting, as I expected," Bishop said after meeting Wang on the sidelines of the G20 foreign ministers meeting on Tuesday. "I get along very well with Foreign Minister Wang Yi."

Behind the diplomatic niceties, though, the meeting, which reportedly touched on issues including security, trade and North Korea, was widely seen as an effort to smooth over increasingly glaring tensions.

In sharp contrast to Bishop's upbeat tone, Wang issued a revealing statement after the meeting calling on Australia to "take off the tinted glasses" and be more positive toward China's rise.

Read more: http://www.scmp.com/week-asia/geopolitics/article/2147632/china-australia-kiss-and-make-things-will-never-be-same

3. Why the China tiger is a force that just can't be ignored

26/05/18
Paul Murray
The West Australian

It has taken the Governor of the Reserve Bank to remind Australians that the elephant in the room in our national economic debate is in fact a tiger. We can choose to throw stones at the Chinese tiger and hope it goes away. It won't. We are going to have to deal with it. And it's going to be a really big bugger.

In a speech to the Australia-China Research Institute in Sydney on Wednesday, Philip Lowe laid out the entrails of a recent RBA board briefing, what he called "a deep dive" into the Chinese financial system.

Consider this: it took about 40 years for Deng Xiaoping's reform of the Chinese economy to see it equal America's even though it has a population base four times greater. But in another 12 years, China Inc. is expected to be twice the size of the US system.

Pauline Hanson warned about Australia being "swamped by Asians" but the ability of the Chinese economy to smother ours — or leave us hanging out to dry if it falters — is what keeps Lowe up at night.



Read more: <u>https://thewest.com.au/opinion/paul-murray/why-the-china-tiger-is-a-force-that-just-cant-be-ignored-ng-b88847078z</u>

4. Wine trade corked as China retaliates in spat over meddling

28/05/18 Rob Taylor The Australian

A deepening spat over allegations of Chinese meddling in Australian politics has led to cases of wine piling up at Chinese ports and nationalists calling for tougher trade retaliations.

The episode shows how China is willing to use its economic leverage to force foreign governments to reverse positions it views as antagonistic. It has deployed similar tactics in its trade fight with President Donald Trump, stepping up customs inspections of US cars and soybeans.

Treasury Wine Estates, one of the world's biggest winemakers, says its products are being stalled because of new Chinese customs rules apparently targeting Australia-made wines.

Read more (Paywall): https://www.theaustralian.com.au/business/wall-street-journal/wine-trade-corked-as-china-retaliates-in-spat-over-meddling/news-story/2c1631180dbdfda9e575ccf790b15df3

5. Mid-sized powers must unite to preserve the world order

28/05/18 Gideon Rachman Financial Times

International politics today looks increasingly like a bonfire of agreements, norms and rules. The US — the anchor of the world order — is assaulting the global trading system, and has withdrawn from international agreements on climate change and Iran.



China, the rising power, is building military bases across the South China Sea — in defiance of rulings by an international tribunal, and the wishes of its neighbours. Russia has annexed Crimea, part of a neighbouring country. Both America and China are increasingly tempted to break free of the constraints of international agreements and to use their power to achieve their goals, unilaterally. Russia lacks the economic might of a great power.

But it has the territorial expanse and the nuclear arsenal, and has made a mighty contribution to an atmosphere of growing international lawlessness. All of this creates a dilemma for the world's middle powers. Germany, France, Japan and Britain cannot flex their muscles like great powers. But they are international players, with global economic and security interests. They need a world with rules.

Read more (Paywall): https://www.ft.com/content/546ca388-625d-11e8-90c2-9563a0613e56

6. South China Sea battle already lost: Jim Molan

28/05/18
Paul Maley
The Australian

The battle for control over the South China Seas has been lost, with nothing short of all-out war capable of dislodging Chinese forces from a string of heavily fortified -islands, -Liberal senator and former senior army officer Jim Molan says.

Speaking one week after Beijing landed a long-range strat-egic bomber on Woody Island in the South China Sea, a move analysts agreed extended China's reach into Southeast Asia, Senator Molan said the West's failure to move quickly and decisively against Chinese encroachment in the Pacific had permanently altered the balance of power in Beijing's favour.

Senator Molan, who in 2014 was appointed as chief of coalition oper-ations in Iraq, said there was no point debating whether or not the Australian navy should conduct freedom-of-navigation operations through the South China Sea — the issue had effectively been settled by the West's inaction.

Read more (Paywall): https://www.theaustralian.com.au/news/south-china-sea-battle-already-lost-jim-molan/news-story/f32cebefde596ecb42a93cbaa81e60cc



7. Bob Carr enlists Labor in new China influence row

28/05/18
Nick McKenzie & Nick O'Malley
Sydney Morning Herald

Former Labor Foreign Minister Bob Carr is using ALP senator Kristina Keneally to quiz the prime minister and senior officials about Malcolm Turnbull's key former adviser on Beijing's espionage and interference operations in Australia.

Fairfax Media has confirmed that Mr Carr, who heads a think tank created by a Chinese businessman closely connected to Beijing, has asked Senator Keneally to use parliament to find out details of the employment, job title, and contract of government adviser John Garnaut.

Mr Garnaut is a China expert and former Fairfax Media China correspondent who was tasked by the prime minister in August 2016 to conduct a highly classified inquiry with ASIO into Beijing's clandestine activities in Australia.

The inquiry, which has never been released, is understood to have examined the activities of Huang Xiangmo, the same Chinese businessman who created Mr Carr's Australian China Relations Institute, and who separately headed a Sydney lobbying organisation aligned with the Chinese Communist Party.

Read more: https://www.smh.com.au/politics/federal/bob-carr-enlists-labor-in-new-china-influence-row-20180528-p4zi0z.html

8. China's 'brazen' and 'aggressive' political interference outlined in top-secret report

29/05/18 Stephanie Borys ABC News

A top-secret report has raised concerns that the Chinese Government has attempted to influence Australia's political parties for the past decade. One intelligence source told the ABC there had been infiltration at every layer of Australian Government, right down to local councils.



An investigation into the extent of foreign interference in Australia was ordered by Prime Minister Malcolm Turnbull in 2016 and he indicated what the report found last year. "Our system as a whole had not grasped the nature and magnitude of the threat," he said.

But Mr Turnbull told Parliament he could not provide extensive details about the report. "The findings of the report are necessarily classified."

Read more: http://www.abc.net.au/news/2018-05-29/chinas-been-interfering-in-australian-politics-for-past-decade/9810236

9. Why Malcolm Turnbull must fight China's 'magic weapons'

29/05/18 Ross Babbage Australian Financial Review

A top-secret investigation into the extent of foreign interference in Australia was reportedly ordered by Malcolm Turnbull in 2016. The resulting briefing remains classified but many of the key issues that were addressed are not difficult to identify.

China's operations to interfere in Australia, the US and other Western democracies have expanded substantially during the past decade. In Australia's case they are now much larger and more diverse than those launched against us at the height of the Cold War. Classified briefings to Australian, US and British parliamentary committees in recent months have resulted in a marked stiffening of allied resolve.

The Chinese regime's operations against Australia are not isolated incidents. They have been launched by a communist regime whose legitimacy stands on achievement of the "China Dream" of restoring the nation's international preeminence. In October's National People's Congress, President Xi Jinping declared his determination "to restore China as a global leader in terms of comprehensive national power and international influence".

Read more (paywall): https://www.afr.com/opinion/columnists/why-malcolm-turnbull-must-fight-chinas-magic-weapons-20180529-h10p97



10. Chinese security officials asked about Turnbull's adviser

29/05/18
Nick McKenzie
Sydney Morning Herald

Chinese security officials who detained a Sydney academic in 2017 spent a full day interrogating him about Prime Minister Malcolm Turnbull's hand-picked China adviser, according to information gathered by national security officials.

Chongyi Feng, an Associate Professor in Chinese Studies at the University of Technology Sydney, was detained and questioned by Chinese officials during a visit to China in March last year about his links to liberal intellectuals in mainland China and contacts in Australia.

Fairfax Media can reveal that during the interrogation, Chinese state security officials demanded information about adviser John Garnaut, who at the time was working on an ASIO inquiry commissioned by Mr Turnbull. The inquiry was aimed at assessing the extent of Beijing's intelligence and interference operations in Australia.

According to a source who was unable to speak publicly, Dr Feng was asked dozens of questions about Mr Garnaut during the interrogation. His email account and mobile phone were searched for Mr Garnaut's name as well as the word "DFAT," an acronym for Australia's Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade.

Read more: https://www.smh.com.au/politics/federal/chinese-security-officials-asked-about-turnbull-s-adviser-20180529-p4zi6f.html

11. Megaphone diplomacy is good for selling papers, but harmful for Australia-China relations

29/05/18
Wanning Sun
The Conversation

The issue of China's influence in Australia is complex. It ranges from worries about national security, political donations and media infiltration to concerns



about scientific collaborations, Confucius Institutes, the patriotism of Chinese students, and allegiance of the Chinese community. The most recent trope is China's so-called "debt trap" diplomacy with Australia's neighbours in the Pacific.

But there's a simple reason this anxiety about China's influence is so vexed. For the first time in history, Australia has had to deal with a world power that is not, as longtime defence analyst Hugh White puts it, "Anglo-Saxon", and is not a liberal democracy. To quote The Australian's Dennis Richardson in relation to China and the US: "Australia is friends with both, ally of one".

The media in both countries have played a significant role in inflaming tensions, as well. Increasingly, China is cast in an adversarial light in the Australian media, and vice versa with Australia in the Chinese media.

Read more: https://theconversation.com/megaphone-diplomacy-is-good-for-selling-papers-but-harmful-for-australia-china-relations-97076

12. Subduing China an empty gesture as Trump-shy Asia courts Beijing

30/05/18 Bob Carr The Australian

Senator Jim Molan is blunt about something Australians can't wish away: the shift in power in the South China Sea. The former senior army officer said: "The Chinese will not be dislodged from the South China Sea short of all-out war." Whether we conduct naval operations like those of the Americans is now irrelevant.

Another response is proving pretty irrelevant, too. That is the Quad, the name given to the mechanism set up last November between the US, India, Japan and Australia. The Quad had always been tentative, nothing more than a single meeting in the margins of the East Asia Summit.

Commentator Rory Medcalf called the Quad "a symbol that the best hope of moderating a strong China's behaviour involves others showing solidarity with each other". But six months on, the Quad has failed what was always going to be its acid test: harmonising policy towards China.



From Australia's perspective, this was confirmed with a dramatic gesture from India. Late last month India slammed the door on Australia joining the Malabar naval exercises, reportedly because India's Narendra Modi was giving greater priority to the success of his April 27 meeting with Chinese President Xi Jinping.

Read more (paywall): https://www.theaustralian.com.au/opinion/subduing-china-an-empty-gesture-as-trumpshy-asia-courts-beijing/news-story/5a51bdf93adf3ea1ffd54d66f661d0c9

13. Australia's spat with China just a 'misunderstanding', says Chinese business delegation

30/05/18 David Taylor ABC News

Several diplomatic dramas over the past few weeks have sent relations with China into the deep freeze.

But at a summit in Sydney this week, visiting Chinese entrepreneurs said they just want to get on with business.

More than 220 Australian and Chinese business leaders gathered over two days, as part of the China Zhejiang–Australia Trade and Investment Symposium, with the sole aim of connecting investors with good ideas.

This was the largest delegation of Chinese business people to come to Australia since diplomatic tensions began to rise.

Read more: http://www.abc.net.au/news/2018-05-30/australia-china-spat-misunderstanding-business-delegation/9815820

14. University warns research deals with China and others are at risk

30/05/18 Michael McGowan The Guardian



Changes to laws governing collaboration between Australian and overseas research organisations could damage the increasingly lucrative trade in research partnerships, the University of NSW has warned.

The university has cautioned that amendments to the Defence Trade Controls Act could hinder the growth of a booming source of revenue for the tertiary sector and damage Australia's economy.

International research partnerships have come under scrutiny recently because of claims they could help China develop military capabilities.

The act governs the transfer of defence and strategic technologies to other countries and is the subject of a federal government review.

Read more: https://www.theguardian.com/australia-news/2018/may/30/university-warns-research-deals-with-china-and-others-are-at-risk

15. A stocktake of Australia's China policy debate

31/05/18 Andrew Forrest The Interpreter

Australia's not-so-old tendency to avoid tension that could jeopardise our economic and trade relationship with China had the unfortunate effect of making China dismissive of Australia's regional interests.

For too long, too few of us thought hard, if at all, about what a region deterred by Chinese coercion might look like. At times, it even seemed as though the perception of an equal and cooperative relationship was more important to us than the development of a genuinely substantive one.

Times are changing. The unfolding stress test of the Australia–China relationship, triggered by the debate over Chinese Communist Party interference, is bringing decision-making closer to home.

Read more: https://www.lowyinstitute.org/the-interpreter/stocktake-australia-china-policy-debate



16. Australia's real choice about China

31/05/18 Hugh White The Strategist

Australia's problem with China is bigger and simpler than we think, and thus harder to solve. It isn't that Beijing doesn't like Julie Bishop, or that it's offended by our new political interference legislation, or that it's building impressive new armed forces, or staking claims in the South China Sea. It's that China wants to replace the United States as the primary power in East Asia, and we don't want that to happen. We want America to remain the primary power because we don't want to live under China's shadow.

And that's a big problem for Beijing. Its ambition for regional leadership isn't something the Chinese are willing to compromise. Nothing—not even economic growth—is more important to them. So our opposition is a big fault line running through the relationship.

Read more: https://www.aspistrategist.org.au/australias-real-choice-about-china/

17. China shunned Australia's trade minister during recent visit: senate hearing

31/05/18 SBS News

China rejected a request for a senior bilateral meeting during a recent visit by Australia's trade minister, a high-ranking diplomat said on Thursday, as relations between the two major trading partners fray.

Frances Adamson, secretary of Australia's Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade (DFAT), told a parliamentary committee that Trade Minister Steven Ciobo met with the mayor of Shanghai during his visit in mid-May, after an attempt to meet with his ministerial counterpart was rebuffed.

"We indicated to the Chinese that a meeting with Mr Ciobo's counterpart would have been welcomed," Adamson said on Thursday during a Senate estimates hearing.



Read more: https://www.sbs.com.au/news/china-shunned-australia-s-trade-minister-during-recent-visit-senate-hearing

18. Tougher foreign interference laws can't come soon enough

31/05/2018
David Crowe
Sydney Morning Herald

Imagine the scenario at the next federal election when a foreign power seeks to wield its influence to help a friend or punish an enemy in the Australian parliament.

An Australian politician could easily collect donations from a wealthy patron close to a foreign government in exchange for influence over policy. A foreign government could use its muscle with ethnic media to wage a vendetta against an elected MP. A donor to a political party could shape its policy while hiding his or her link to a foreign agency.

Read more: https://www.smh.com.au/politics/federal/tougher-foreign-interference-laws-can-t-come-soon-enough-20180531-p4zipb.html

19. Is Australia's friendly gesture toward China just a subterfuge?

31/05/2018 Yu Lei Global Times

Australian Prime Minister Malcolm Turnbull and Foreign Minister Julie Bishop have recently spoken of their willingness to improve ties with China and have stable bilateral relations. China and Australia are closely linked with economy and trade and share common interests and views on promoting global trade liberalization. These should be driving forces to strengthen cooperation and maintain healthy ties. In this respect, the attitude of the Australian leaders deserves praise.

China has long been committed to maintaining healthy relations with Australia. Australian leaders shouldn't use it to ward off domestic political pressure or to



impress voters. It may work in the short term, but will damage hard-won trust between the two countries in the long run.

Read more: http://www.globaltimes.cn/content/1104998.shtml

20. John Howard urges an end to freeze with China

01/06/2018 Dennis Shanahan The Australian

John Howard has urged the Turnbull government to repair the Australia-China relationship with face-to-face meetings and by building personal relationships between the national leaders.

The former Liberal prime minister, who resolved a 1996 fracture in relations with China over naval rights in the Taiwan Straits, told *The Australian* that the turning point then was his personal meeting with then Chinese president Jiang Zemin in Manila.

"With a country the size of Australia, the relationship between the two leaders is important," Mr Howard told *The Australian*. "The Chinese saw our relationship as something that deserved regular watering at the highest level."

Read more (Paywall): https://www.theaustralian.com.au/national-affairs/foreign-affairs/john-howard-urges-an-end-to-freeze-with-china/news-story/3bfce0597b9882a71c6aabd3ef33c745

21. Walking the walk on values with China

01/06/2018 Fergus Ryan The Strategist

In the three months' worth of data I collected from the top 10 foreign embassies in China—measured by follower numbers for my just-released report <u>Weibo</u> <u>diplomacy and censorship in China</u>—the Australian embassy's account was censored just three times.



The first of those instances occurred on 15 November 2017 when the embassy sent out a post highlighting Prime Minister Malcolm Turnbull's meeting with Chinese Premier Li Keqiang at the ASEAN Regional Forum in Manila.

The <u>second</u> and <u>third</u> instances came on 21 December 2017 when the embassy sent out excerpts of a speech by Australian Ambassador to China Jan Adams at the Australia–China 45th Anniversary Lunch at Beijing's Diaoyutai Guest House.

Read more: https://www.aspistrategist.org.au/walking-the-walk-on-values-with-china/

22. What we know about why Chinese students come to Australia to study

01/06/2018
Hannah Soong
The Conversation

In 2016-17 Australia's third largest export, international education, leapt <u>from A\$23.6 billion to a record high of A\$28 billion</u>. Within the higher education sector, the highest intake of international students is of Chinese origin. Behind these statistics are the individual stories and aspirations of Chinese students' parents who provide them the financial resources and emotional support. Yet, we know so little about why it matters so much to their parents, and what long-term impacts overseas study has on them and their families when they return home.

Knowing what aspirations Chinese parents have for their children will help us understand what keeps our international education export industry vibrant today. And more importantly, sustainable tomorrow.

Read more: https://theconversation.com/what-we-know-about-why-chinese-students-come-to-australia-to-study-97257